

Приклади знаходження похідних

1)

$$y = x^3 - 3x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x^{-6} + 5;$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \left(x^3 - 3x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x^{-6} + 5 \right)' = (x^3)' - 3(x^2)' - \frac{1}{6}(x^{-6})' + 5' = \\ &= 3x^{3-1} - 3 \cdot 2x^{2-1} - \frac{1}{6} \cdot (-6)x^{-6-1} + 0 = 3x^2 - 6x + x^{-7}. \end{aligned}$$

2)

$$y = x^8 - \sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x^5}} - \frac{1}{x^3};$$

$$y = x^8 - \sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x^5}} - \frac{1}{x^3} = x^8 - x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3x^{\frac{5}{3}} - x^{-3}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= 8x^{8-1} - \frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}-1} + 3 \cdot \frac{5}{3}x^{\frac{5}{3}-1} - (-3)x^{-3-1} = \\ &= 8x^7 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + 5\sqrt[3]{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^4}. \end{aligned}$$

3)

$$y = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 5};$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \left(\frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 5} \right)' = \frac{(2x^2)'(x^2 - 5) - 2x^2(x^2 - 5)'}{(x^2 - 5)^2} = \\ &= \frac{4x(x^2 - 5) - 2x^2 \cdot 2x}{(x^2 - 5)^2} = \frac{4x}{(x^2 - 5)} - \frac{4x^3}{(x^2 - 5)^2}. \end{aligned}$$

4)

$$y = \sqrt[3]{3+x^5};$$

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= \left(\sqrt[3]{3+x^5}\right)' = \frac{1}{3}(3+x^5)^{\frac{1}{3}-1} \cdot (3+x^5)' = \\&= \frac{1}{3}(3+x^5)^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 5x^{5-1} = \frac{5x^4}{\sqrt[3]{(3+x^5)^2}}.\end{aligned}$$

5)

$$y = (x^3 + 7x^2 - 3)\sqrt{2+x^2};$$

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= (x^3 + 7x^2 - 3)' \sqrt{2+x^2} + (x^3 + 7x^2 - 3)(\sqrt{2+x^2})' = \\&= (3x^{3-1} + 7 \cdot 2x^{2-1})\sqrt{2+x^2} + (x^3 + 7x^2 - 3) \frac{(2+x^2)'}{2\sqrt{2+x^2}} = \\&= (3x^2 + 14x)\sqrt{2+x^2} + (x^3 + 7x^2 - 3) \frac{x}{\sqrt{2+x^2}}.\end{aligned}$$

6)

$$y = 2 \sin(2x^3);$$

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= 2 \cos(2x^3) \cdot (2x^3)' = 2 \cos(2x^3) \cdot 2 \cdot 3x^{3-1} = \\&= 12x^2 \cos(2x^3) \cdot 2 \cdot 3x^{3-1}.\end{aligned}$$

7)

$$y = (3x^3 - 5x^2 + 6)^2.$$

$$\begin{aligned}y' &= 2(3x^3 - 5x^2 + 6)^{2-1} \cdot (3x^3 - 5x^2 + 6)' = \\&= 2(3x^3 - 5x^2 + 6) \cdot (3 \cdot 3x^{3-1} - 5 \cdot 2x^{2-1}) = \\&= 2x(3x^3 - 5x^2 + 6) \cdot (9x - 10).\end{aligned}$$

